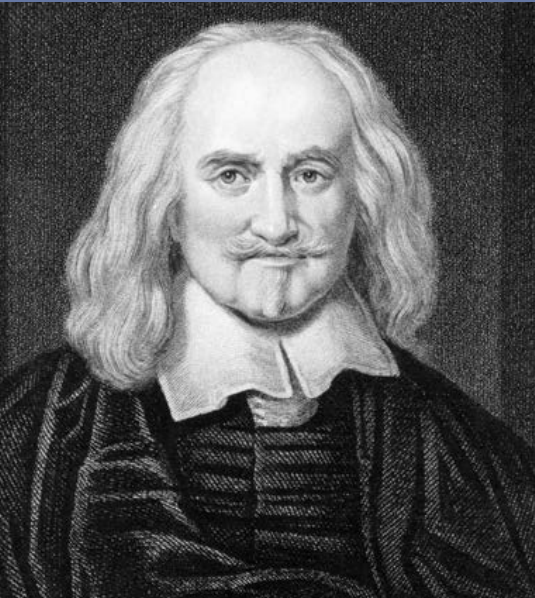


Philosopher (Social Contract)

Thomas Hobbes (1588–1679)



“It is not wisdom but Authority that makes a law.”

“During the time men live without a common power to keep them all in awe, they are in that condition called war.”

“The right of all men to all things ought to be relinquished; for if everyone should retain his right to all things some might invade and others might defend...therefore War would follow.”

“Covenants (agreements) without the sword, are but words and of no strength to secure man at all.”

Thomas Hobbes believes in a type of government (social contract) that...

Selected words or phrases that support this belief are:

Philosopher (Social Contract)

John Locke (1632–1704)



“The end (purpose) of law is not to abolish or restrain, but to preserve and enlarge freedom.”

“All mankind...being all equal and independent, no one ought to harm another in his life, health, liberty or possessions.”

“Absolute monarchy, which by some men is counted the only government in the world, is indeed inconsistent with civil society, and so can be no form of civil-government at all.”

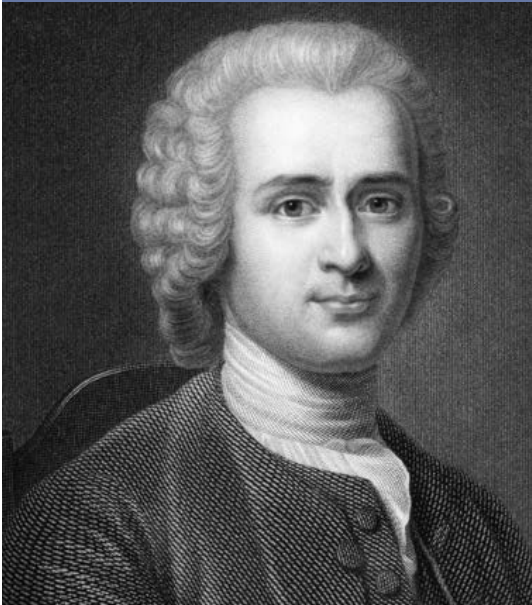
“No government can have a right to obedience from a people who have not freely consented to it.”

John Locke believes in a type of government (social contract) that...

Selected words or phrases that support this belief are:

Philosopher (Social Contract)

Jean-Jacques Rousseau (1712–1778)



“No man has any natural authority over his fellow men.”

“Every man having been born free and master of himself, no one else may under any pretext whatever subject him without his consent.”

“A born king is a very rare being.”

“Man is born free, but is everywhere in chains.”

Jean-Jacques Rousseau believes in a type of government (social contract) that...

Selected words or phrases that support this belief are:
